From : Shri Sujay Haldar O.S.D. & E.O. Spl. Secy.

DR-16/2/15

To: The Addl. Chief Secretary
Jails Deptt.
Govt. of West Bengal
Nabanna, 325, Sarat Chatterjee Road,
P.S. Sibpur, Dist. Howrah - 711 102.

Sir,

As desired by the Commission, I am directed to enclose herewith a copy of the recommendations on 'Prison Reforms-2014' as sent by the National Human Rights Commission which will speak for itself. This is forwarded to you for your kind information and taking necessary action.

Kindly acknowledge the receipt.

Yours faithfully,

O.S.D. & E.O. Pr. Secretary

Encl: As above.

No. 913(1) WBHRC/ROM/731/14-15

Copy forwarded for information & taking necessary action :-

The Addl. Director General of Prisons, West Bengal.

Date: 16/02/15

O.S.D. & E.O. Pr. Secretary

National Human Rights Commission NATIONAL SEMINAR ON PRISON REFORMS 2014

RECOMMENDATIONS

A National Seminar on "Prison Reforms" was organized by the National Human Rights Commission on 13th and 14th November, 2014 at New Delhi as a sequel to the National Seminar on "Prison Reforms" organized by the NHRC on 15th April, 2011. The main objectives of this Seminar were to conduct a review and assessment of the action taken by the different Governments on the recommendations of the previous Seminar of 2011 and to study and discuss certain identified issues. Such identified issues included:-

- Need for amendment of Prisons Act, 1894 in the light of related Supreme Court judgements and International Conventions/Covenants. (ii)
- Need for amendment of Prison Manual / Prison Rules in the light of related Supreme Court judgements and International Conventions / Covenants. (iii)
- Manpower shortage in prison administration and working conditions of prison (iv)
- Modernisation of Prisons as part of the reformatory process. (v)
- Problems relating to undertrial prisoners languishing in prison indefinitely. (vi)
- Health (including mental health), sanitation and hygiene in prisons. (vii)
- Infrastructure issues relating to prisons. (viii)
- Welfare measures for prisoners and their families. (ix)
- Issues affecting women prisoners and their children kept in prisons.

During the deliberations in the Seminar, several suggestions / proposals / recommendations were made and they were recorded and taken note of by the Commission. In the light of the suggestions, proposals and recommendations made by the participants in the Seminar, the Commission has approved the following observations and recommendations to be forwarded to the respective Governments and other authorities

S.No.	
PERCE	PTION RECOMMENDATIONS
1 REVIEN	As part of the criminal justice system, prisons are necessary for the custody an care of persons charged with or convicted for criminal offences. But the mai objective of such custody and care should be correction and reformation of the prisoner and to prepare him for rehabilitation and reintegration in the society and Reformative Custody and Care" and a prisoner should be allowed to exercise and enjoy all human rights within the limitations of imprisonment. (Action: State Home Secretaries/DGPs/IGPs)
	The Action Taken Reports submitted by the various States showed that the recommendations of the National Seminar held on 15 th April 2011 were not completely implemented and hence the State Governments require to be reminded about it again. (Action: State Home Secretaries/DGPs/IGPs)

	GISLATIVE ACTION
	The Prisons Act 1894, being very old, contains archaic provisions some of whice are no longer relevant. Hence, it requires drastic changes. The NHRC shates to make it conform to human rights norms, Supreme Court judgements and International Conventions / Covenants binding on India.
	(Action: NHPC)
	There is need for uniformity in the Prison Manuals / Prison Rules followed in the States and Union Territories. The Government of India should take steps to suitably amend the Model Prison Manual which was drawn up in 2003, to ensure that it is in conformity with human rights norms, Supreme Court judgements and International Conventions / Covenants binding on India.
F-	(Action: MHA) a same was the plantage are in all agestions away and
5	make them conform to human rights norms, Supreme Court judgements and International Conventions / Covenants binding on India.
6	(Action: State Home Secretaries) Since `Prisons' is a State orbit
	Since `Prisons' is a State subject, apart from the funds which would be provided by the Central Govt. towards modernization of prisons in the proposed Second Phase, the State Governments should take steps for ensuring adequate allocation of funds towards improvement of prisons.
	(Action: State Government) and a spinish and at an analysis of the
OVE	CROWDING
7	A major problem faced by many of the States is overcrowding in the prisons. The reasons for such over-crowding include:
	i) Absence of adequate number of jails; ii) Presence of too many undertrial prisoners in the jails.
	iii) Failure to produce the undertrial prisoners in the jails; escorts;
	") Presence of too many undertrial and
	iii) Failure to produce the undertrial prisoners in the jails; escorts; iv) Failure to invoke the provisions of Section 436A of the Cr.P.C. to release extending upto one-half of the maximum.
8	iii) Failure to produce the undertrial prisoners in the jails; escorts; iv) Failure to invoke the provisions of Section 436A of the Cr.P.C. to release the undertrial prisoners who have undergone detention for a period for the offence charged with.
8	iii) Failure to produce the undertrial prisoners in the jails; iii) Failure to produce the undertrial prisoners before the court for want of escorts; iv) Failure to invoke the provisions of Section 436A of the Cr.P.C. to release the undertrial prisoners who have undergone detention for a period extending upto one-half of the maximum period of imprisonment specified for the offence charged with. Hence the Governments concerned shall construct more number of jails wherever necessary.
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8	Fresence of too many undertrial prisoners in the jails; iii) Failure to produce the undertrial prisoners before the court for want of escorts; iv) Failure to invoke the provisions of Section 436A of the Cr.P.C. to release the undertrial prisoners who have undergone detention for a period extending upto one-half of the maximum period of imprisonment specified for the offence charged with. Hence the Governments concerned shall construct more number of jails wherever necessary. (Action: State Government) The Government should give necessary directions to the police authorities concerned to provide the required number of escorts for producing the undertrial prisoners before the court, when their cases are posted.
9	Fresence of too many undertrial prisoners in the jails; Failure to produce the undertrial prisoners before the court for want of escorts; iv) Failure to invoke the provisions of Section 436A of the Cr.P.C. to release the undertrial prisoners who have undergone detention for a period extending upto one-half of the maximum period of imprisonment specified for the offence charged with. Hence the Governments concerned shall construct more number of jails wherever necessary. (Action: State Government) The Government should give necessary directions to the police authorities concerned to provide the required number of escorts for producing the undertrial prisoners before the court, when their cases are posted. (Action: State Government)
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	Conferencing for the purpose of court proceedings without the physic Central Jails and the District Jails and thereafter in the sub-jails over period of 5 years.
	Central Jails and the District Jails and thereafter in the sub-jails over a tot
	normal sails and the District Tails and This may be done first in the
	period of 5 years. District Jails and thereafter in the sub-jails
	January Dyll A tot
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	The State Governments shall take necessary steps to constitute a District Level Superintendent of Police, the Superintendent of Police o
	Undertrial Review
	Undertrial Review Committee comprising the District & Sessions Judge, District Superintendent of Police, the Superintendent of the Jail concerned, the Public & Sessions Judge shall be the Chairman and Services Authority. The District Committees are superintendent of the Jail concerned, the Public Committees are superintendent of the Jail concerned, the Public Committees are superintendent of the Jail concerned.
	Prosecution of Police, the Superintender District & Sessions Judge District
	Social and the Secretary of the Distriction of the Jail concerned the
	Prosecutor and the Secretary of the District & Sessions Judge, District & Sessions Judge, District & Sessions Judge of the District Legal Services Authority. The District Committee shall meet at least once in three months and recipied implementation of the recommendation.
	Implementation of the recommendation of the
	the approximation at Para 7 to 100 und review the
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PI	RISONERS OF FORWARD (1997)
	It was reported that many foreign nationals are detained in the prisons even deporting them. Such detention is a visit on the ground that there is delivered to the prisons of the ground that there is delivered to the prisons of the ground that there is delivered to the prisons of the ground that there is delivered to the prisons of the ground that there is delivered to the prisons of the ground that there is delivered to the prisons of the ground that there is delivered to the prisons of the ground that there is delivered to the prisons of the ground that there is delivered to the prisons of the ground that there is delivered to the ground that the ground the ground that the ground that the ground the ground the ground the ground the ground that the ground the ground that the ground the
	after completing their terms of sentence on the ground that there is delay in was recommended that on completion of their human rights.
	deporting them. Such determs of sentence on the ground that the prisons even
r	deporting their terms of sentence on the ground that there is delay in was recommended that on completion of their human rights. Hence, it nationals shall be shifted from the prison to detention centres set-up for the
	purpose purpose purpose from the prison to details of sentence, the foreign
	detention centres set-up for the
	(Action of the Carting of the Cartin
PR	(Action: State Government)
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1 1 8	shall be periodically enderessal System shall be put in
	An effective Grievance Redressal System shall be put in place in every jail and it specifically suggested that a "Complaint Red Budgest Processing Specifically Specifically Suggested that a "Complaint Red Budgest Processing Specifically Specifica
1	shall be periodically monitored by the Inspecting Judicial Officers. It was and it shall be periodically opened only by the Inspecting Judge who shall take
1 10	necessary activities opened only by the T
1	
15	(Action: State Home Secretaries/DGPs/IGPs) CCTV cameras and alert systems should be secretaries.
	should affect systems should be shou
	CCTV cameras and alert systems should be installed in the jail and these devices should be properly monitored by setting up a control room. The data of the
	CCTV and alert system should be preserved for a specified period. (Action: State Home Deposit
	De preserved for
4.0	(Action: State Home Donnet
16	(Action: State Home Department) An effective system for 5
	An effective system for E-governance of prisons shall be set up within two years. All prison records must be digitized and data bank in respect of all the prisoners (Action of
	must be maintained be digitized and data hant in the within two years
	mentalined and updated regularly
	(Action of
17	IACHOD! State !!
7/	In the case of undertrial price (Table 1) the case of undertrial price (Table 2) the case of und
	prices -1 Prisoners the det
	prison should include nature, the data entered at the time
	prescribed for the offen.
	In the case of undertrial prisoners, the data entered at the time of entering the prescribed for the offence and the date on which the base of imprisonment
	prison should include nature of offence, maximum period of imprisonment period will be reached. The data should be made to the half way mark of the said
	prison should include nature of offence, maximum period of imprisonment period will be reached. The data should be made accessible to the undertood.
	period will be reached. The data should be made accessible to the undertrial
10	period will be reached. The data should be made accessible to the undertrial
18	period will be reached. The data should be made accessible to the undertrial (Action: State Home Department/DGPs/ICDs)
18	period will be reached. The data should be made accessible to the undertrial (Action: State Home Department/DGPs/ICDs)
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18	period will be reached. The data should be made accessible to the undertrial (Action: State Home Department/DGPs/ICDs)
	period will be reached. The data should be made accessible to the undertrial prisoner. (Action: State Home Department/DGPs/IGPs) Every Central and District Jail must develop its own website within two years and shall be available on the website.
18	period will be reached. The data should be made accessible to the undertrial (Action: State Home Department/DGPs/ICDs)

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	The second secon
10	A charter of rights and duties of prisoners shall be prepared in multiple
19	languages including the local language and shall be notified on the Notice Board
	and copy of the same shall be made available to the prisoner at the time of his
	entering the prison.
18703	As a fortal principle of the same of the s
20	(Action: State Home Department/DGPs/IGPs) When prisoners are taken to courts located at long distances, they are not
Library	provided with food in the absence of budgetary allocation for food allowance for
W91480	this purpose. The State Governments shall therefore ensure that necessary
1 370 7	budgetary allocations are made to provide for food allowances on such occasions.
	Occasions.
	(Action: State Home Department/DGPs/IGPs)
21	In addition to providing common televisions for the use of the prisoners, they
d dead	shall be encouraged and motivated to organize and participate in educational,
111-160	literary, cultural, spiritual and outdoor programmes which will help their physical and mental development. Wherever possible Yoga practice may be included in
nge	the daily schedule of the prisoners.
edi	of (pring) 29(3)(b) (1997)
22	(Action: State Home Department/DGPs/IGPs) It was observed that regular visits by the Board of Visitors and the effective
22	functioning of the Board can enhance the welfare of the prisoners and the
	protection of their human rights. However, it was noted that Board of Visitors
31.00	has not been constituted in many of the States and Union Territories.
1 2850	Therefore it was recommended that a Board of Visitors shall be constituted for each prison and the Board shall periodically visit the prison to review and advise
946	the prison authorities regarding infrastructure facilities, extent and quality of
	training and correctional work, and proper management of the prison in
	accordance with the Prison Rules / Manual.
1	(Action: State Home Department/DGPs/IGPs)
23	There should be a separate cadre of Prison and Correctional Service to which
	regular appointments should be made from persons possessing qualifications like
	Sociology, Psychology, Criminology, Law, Social Work etc., instead of appointing
1.2	persons from other Services on deputation.
23	(Action: State Home Department)
24	Members of the Prison and Correctional Service shall be given a holistic training
	to equip them to administer the prison as a "home for corrective and reformative custody and care".
1 6	prescribed for the prescribed of orence, maximum market to the prescribed for the prescri
	(Action: State Home Department/DGPs/IGPs)
25	More training institutes for the administrative staff of prisons should be set up to
	enable the staff from all regions to get adequate and effective training.
	(Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs)
26	Considering the reported shortage of personnel to administer the prisons, a
	staff-prisoner ratio of 1:6 was suggested. The Commission recommends that
	this suggestion may be considered and additional staff should be sanctioned and
	appointed wherever necessary. At any rate, the existing vacancies should be filled up immediately.
0.751147	(Action: State Home Secretaries)

	27 Convict prisoners must be
	Convict prisoners must be categorized into different groups on the basis of ty of offence, age of convict, duration of imprisonment etc., for the purpose integration in the society.
	conducting programmes for reformation, rehabilitation and subsequent r
A. go	integration in the purpose of reformation integration in the purpose of the purpo
	purpose
	(Action: State DGPs/IGPs)
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	prison or the Earnal
	It is desirable to have separate prisons for women prisoners. The separate prison or the Female ward / enclosure of a common prison, shall cater to the sanitation, of women prisoners and shall be a little to health, byging
	sanitation of weeks, especially needs a common prison, shall cater to the
	relating to health, bygions
	gender specific needs, especially needs relating to health, hygiene and (Action: State Home Secretaries (No.)
	(Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs) Prisoners (Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs)
	Price doctors and counsellors should be should
	Female doctors and counsellors should be available in every jail having women (Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs) (Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs) (Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs)
	a every Jali naving women
	(Action: State DGPs/IGPs) [Action: State DGPs/IGPs]
	Facilities like crèche and al
	for the benefit of the skill play school may be provided:
	Facilities like crèche and play school may be provided in or near the jail premises for the benefit of the children who are with the women prisoners. The help and (Action: State Government)
	(Action: State and Augustian De Laken in this regard.
SK	(Action: State Government) ILL DEVELOPMENT AND CAPACITY BUILDING Prisoners for ckill to the taken in this regard.
3	1 The LOPMENT AND CAPACITY DUE
-	There should be programmes for skill development and capacity building of the Industrial and manufacturing units started in Model must be encounted.
	Industrial and manufacturing units started in the prisons should be primarily earning profits.
	driven by the motive of skill development and capacity building, rather than
	earning profits
	(Action: State Home Secretaries / DGPs/IGPs) To the extent practicable, prisoners characteristics of the state of the sta
32	To the extent practicable, prisoners should be allowed the liberty to choose the field of their choice in the matter of skill development and capacity building.
	field of their practicable, prisoners charles
	of their choice in the matter of skill de allowed the liberty to ab-
	(Actions as
HEA	field of their choice in the matter of skill development and capacity building. (Action: State Home Secretaring (Dec.)
22	- III LARE DE DOVA
33	I BIGIOF to 11.
	Custodial status and important human right of the
	the State has the limited medical facilities of the prisoners, in view of the
	custodial status and the limited medical facilities available in the prison. Hence, for effective medical treatment of the prison.
	inedical treatment of the price dequate manpower and cavific
34	
- 1	There should be at least one resident doctor within the jail premises, to be
	available at all times.
	zianci lo isdituti Vinduzuo satura di la Jail premises, to he
7	
35	(Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs) Arrangements should be made for regular visit of specialist doctors to treat the
	prisoners should be made for regular visit
	visit of specialist doctors to
	(Action ct.
36	(Action: State DGPs/IGPs) and wisconsylid to begin to exhibit and partial and facility to
	re lacilitate better health care to lead to le
	To facilitate better health care, tele-medicine system should be set up with the Cooperation of local medical colleges or multi-speciality hospitals.
	colleges or multi-speciality be set up with the
	cooperation of local medical colleges or multi-speciality hospitals. (Action: State DGPs/IGPs)
	DGPS/IGPs)
	The Kerala model of channelisted Solar Early to bring down carbon dioxide
	lev is within the comprehenses may be replicated in other States also. Agart
	from paing eco-friendly, it cuts down the expenditure on cooking gas. Solar
	5

way.

37	In the light of the guidelines in the
-51	In the light of the guidelines issued by the National Aid Control Organisation, special measures should be taken to deal with HIV positive prisoners, balancing the right of privacy of a HIV positive prisoner and the health concerns of other prisoners.
1	(Action: State DGPs/IGPs)
38	The Prison Administration should and the
bei	abuse. The cooperation of Social Workers / NGOs can be taken for the purpose. (Action: State DGPs/IGPs)
39	Persons with mental illness who cannot be detained in
FO	Persons with mental illness who cannot be detained in prison under the law, shall not be detained in prison. Arrangements shall be made to provide special treatment to such prisoners till their release or transfer to a mental health establishment.
1	(Action: State DGPs/IGPs)
40	It was observed that the present by III
	admission of the prisoner, is basic in nature and hence there is need for a more comprehensive health check-up covering also contagious diseases and life style diseases like diabetes, hyper tension and ailments of the heart. The diagnostic tests which could not be conducted at the time of admission for practical reasons should be conducted immediately thereafter.
	(Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs)
41	ineurcal equiliffients like X-ray and ECC
	Jails.
	(Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs)
42	A well-equipped Pathology Lab alongwith requisite manpower should be provided to the Central Jails and the District Jails in a phased manner.
	(Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs)
SANIT	ATION AND DRINKING WATER
43	The prisoners have the right to be
	a saament racincles should be installed in every prison.
4.0	(Action: State DGPs/IGPs)
44	It was observed that most of the prisons do not have adequate number of toilets and that even some of the existing toilets are not in usable condition. It was recommended that provision should be made for adequate number of toilets and their cleanliness and maintenance
	property of the requirement of t
45	(Action: State DGPs/IGPs)
.0	Considering the presence of aged or physically disabled prisoners who cannot use Indian-style toilets, it was recommended that a few western-style toilets shall be constructed in each barrack.
WH 3.12	Action: State DGPs/IGPs
ENVIR	ONMENTAL ISSUES
46	The Kerala model of channelizing Solar Energy to bring down carbon dioxide
	from being eco-friendly, it cuts down the expenditure on cooking gas. Solar

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	Energy can be used for power back up in prisons by using solar batteries.
	(Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs)
47	Steps should be taken for installation of bio-gas digesters in prisons for recycling of human waste into fuel that can be used for heating and lighting purposes and also can be used as manure. (Action: State Home Secretaries /DGPs/IGPs)
48	As far as practicable, there must be provision for rain-water harvesting.
	(Action: State DGPs/IGPs)
49	Provision should be made for recycling waste water for being used for agriculture, cleaning, washing etc. (Action: State DGPs/IGPs)
REFO	RMATION
50	It shall be the duty of the prison administration to conduct special programmes
	for the correction and reformation of the prisoners so that the prisoner undergoes a change of heart or transformation during the period of imprisonment and prepares himself for re-integration in the society after his release. The prison administration can enlist the cooperation and services of NGOs and civil society institutions in this regard. (Action: State Home Secretaries / DGPs/IGPs)
DEHA	BILITATION
51	There is dearth of data relating to the conditions of the released prisoners, the extent of their reformation, rehabilitation and reintegration in the society after release from the prison. No formal and scientific study has been conducted on the subject. Hence, it was recommended that the NHRC should conduct a study on the condition of the released prisoners and their experience when they try to reintegrate in the society.
	(Action: NHRC)
NGOs	and Social Workers
52	The important role being played by the NGOs, Civil Society Institutions and Social Workers in the process of reformation and rehabilitation of the prisoners was recognized and appreciated. It was recommended that the prison administration should make better use of the NGOs, Civil Society Institutions and Social Workers for strengthening the efforts for reformation and rehabilitation of the prisoners.
	(Action: State DGPs/IGPs)